

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 2, line 1, and ending on page 2, line 9 as follows:

The organic LED has a mechanism that emits light by charge injection. Potential at each of the organic LEDs, particularly in a large-size display, tends to vary depending on its position. Of organic light-emitting displays referred to as top emission structure, one having anode line structure is considered to be promising at present, in which the anode electrode of the organic LED is extended up to a current source. This is because the anode electrode has generally low ~~resistant~~ resistance and thus occurrence of a voltage drop between the current source and the organic LED is suppressed.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 13, line 25, and ending on page 14, line 6 as follows:

Fig. 3 is a graph of ionization potentials of the diamond-like carbon film 9 formed under different condition. Specifically, in Fig. 3, the ionization potentials of the diamond-like carbon film formed based on the film forming conditions 1 to 4, in which predetermined parameters are respectively changed, are compared with the ionization potentials of indium ~~thin~~ tin oxide (hereinafter "ITO"), copper phthalocyanine (hereinafter, "CuPc"), and N Propyl Bromide (hereinafter, "NPB") as other materials.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 26, line 3, and ending on page 26, line 14 as follows:

The diamond-like carbon film 28b is for preventing a direct contact between the connection layer 30 and the cathode layer 29b. When metal materials having different work

functions come in direct contact with each other, the electrical conduction property may deteriorate due to oxidation or the like. Therefore, the diamond-like carbon film 28b is located to maintain excellent electrical conduction property. The diamond-like carbon film 28b is formed by the same process as the diamond-like carbon film 28a, and actually, formed integrally with the diamond-like carbon film 28a[[29a]]. Therefore, the film thickness and the material of the diamond-like carbon film 28b is the same as those of the diamond-like carbon 28a, and hence the explanation thereof is omitted.